

What every dentist needs to know to protect the vulnerable child and adult

16-01-21-02

Date and venue:

Thursday 21<sup>st</sup> January 2016  
Buckerell Lodge Hotel, Exeter  
North and East Devon

Course Organiser:

Samantha Braddock

Course Lecturers:

Deborah Stalker BSc (Hons) MB. ChB, MRCP, FRCPCH, DCH, DCCH  
Denise Mills Lead Safeguarding Adults Nurse

Programme

13.30	Registration with tea and coffee and introduction
14.00	What every dentist needs to know to protect the vulnerable child
15.20	Tea
15.40	What every dentist needs to know to protect the vulnerable adult
17.00	Close

What every dentist needs to know to protect the vulnerable child

**Aim:**

Dental practitioners will have an understanding of the presentation of physical abuse and neglect in children.

**Objectives:**

By the end of the course, participants will;

1. Understand the risk factors for physical abuse and neglect
2. Recognise injuries which may have been inflicted or sustained through neglect
3. Understand their responsibilities to children who are at risk of abuse and neglect

Learning Outcomes:

By the end of the course participants will;-

- 1.be able to explain the risk factors for child abuse.
- 2.will be able to describe injuries that may have been caused as a result of abuse or neglect
- 3.will be able to describe the responsibilities of all the dental team, to children who are at risk of being abused.
- 4.have increased confidence in the management of suspected cases of child abuse.

What every dentist needs to know to protect the vulnerable adult

Aim:

Dental practitioners will have an understanding of signs of abuse in adults and their duty of care in practice.

Objectives:

By the end of the course, participants will:-

1. Understand definitions of abuse in adults and what makes an adult vulnerable and open to abuse.
2. Understand the Dental team's responsibility within the safeguarding process for adults.
3. Be able to respond appropriately and with confidence to signs of abuse in adults.

Learning Outcomes:

1. Be able to recognise signs and symptoms of adult abuse.
2. Have greater confidence and know what to do if they suspect or identify signs of abuse.
3. Know the process for making a safeguarding referral, what happens with this and feel more confident to support patients.